June 6, 2016 U.S. House of Representatives/U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative/Senator:

On behalf of the over one hundred undersigned organizations, we **urge your support for the inclusion of H.R. 897, the Zika Vector Control Act, in any final conference agreement for** H.R. 2577. We also request that the sunset provision for H.R. 897 be removed as significant public health threats from mosquito borne diseases are likely to remain well beyond 2018.

For almost forty years, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and pesticide applicators including public health agencies charged with mosquito control operated exclusively under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). In fact, EPA has testified to the adequacy of FIFRA's comprehensive regulatory requirements including substantial enforcement mechanisms in pursuit of that goal.

However, a 2009 activist-inspired lawsuit resulted in a federal court decision identifying a technicality in the law that Congress had not properly clarified its intent that FIFRA should have preeminence over the Clean Water Act (CWA). This decision resulted in pesticide users being required to obtain a CWA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. These permits were originally created to address the discharge of waste by major industrial polluters, but now are mandated for mosquito control districts and others who are intentionally introducing EPA-authorized pesticides into the environment for their beneficial purposes of trying to prevent or control the spread of public health disease in the U.S.

Though the NPDES permit burden lacks any additional environmental benefit under these circumstances, it does force substantial costs on thousands of small application businesses and farms, as well as the municipal, county, state and federal agencies responsible for protecting natural resources and public health. Further, and most menacing, the permit *exposes all pesticide users* – regardless of permit eligibility - *to the liability of CWA-based citizen law suits*. In a number of instances, applicators -- that once conducted mosquito abatement applications for local governments and homeowner associations -- can't afford the costs or risk of frivolous litigation that accompanies NPDES PGPs and have refrained from conducting public health applications.

H.R. 897, which is a provision included in the House passed version of H.R. 2577, would clarify Congressional intent that federal law does *not* require this redundant permit for already regulated pesticide applications.

In the 112th Congress, similar legislation (H.R. 872) passed the House Committee on Agriculture and went on to pass the House of Representatives on suspension. In the 113th Congress, the legislation (H.R. 935) passed both the House Committees on Agriculture and Transportation & Infrastructure by voice vote, and again, the House of Representatives. Now the bill, referred to as the Zika Vector Control Act, has passed the Committee on Agriculture and the House of Representatives yet again. With your help and support, it will soon become law.

Under these circumstances, requiring NPDES permits impacts the use of critical pesticides in protecting human health and the food supply from destructive and disease-carrying pests, and in managing invasive weeds to keep open waterways and shipping lanes, to maintain rights of way for transportation and power generation, and in preventing damage to forests and recreation areas. The time and funds expended on redundant permit compliance drains public and private resources. All this for no measureable benefit to the environment. We urge you to eliminate this unnecessary, expensive, and duplicative regulation by ensuring the Zika Vector Control Act, minus any sunset provision, remains in any final conference agreement for H.R. 2577.

Sincerely,

Agribusiness Council of Indiana Florida Farm Bureau Federation

Agribusiness & Water Council of Arizona Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association

Agricultural Alliance of North Carolina Georgia Agribusiness Council

Agricultural Council of Arkansas Golf Course Superintendents Association of

Agricultural Retailers Association America

Alabama Agribusiness Council Hawaii Cattlemen's Council

American Farm Bureau Federation Hawaii Farm Bureau Federation

Alabama Farmers Federation Idaho Grower Shippers Association

American Mosquito Control Association Idaho Potato Commission

American Soybean Association Idaho Water Users Association

AmericanHort Illinois Farm Bureau

Aquatic Plant Management Society

Illinois Fertilizer & Chemical Association

Arkansas Forestry Association

Kansas Agribusiness Retailers Association

Biopesticide Industry Alliance

Louisiana Cotton and Grain Association

Louisiana Farm Bureau Federation

Growers Maine Potato Board

California Specialty Crops Council Michigan Agribusiness Association

Cape Cod Cranberry Growers Association Minnesota Agricultural Aircraft Association

The Cranberry Institute Minnesota Crop Production Retailers
CropLife America Minnesota Pesticide Information &

Council of Producers & Distributors of Education

California Association of Winegrape

Agrotechnology Minor Crops Farmer Alliance

Family Farm Alliance Missouri Agribusiness Association
Far West Agribusiness Association Missouri Farm Bureau Federation

Montana Agricultural Business Association Oregon Potato Commission

National Agricultural Aviation Association Oregonians for Food & Shelter

National Alliance of Forest Owners Pesticide Policy Coalition

National Alliance of Independent Crop Plains Cotton Growers, Inc.

Consultants Professional Landcare Network

National Association of State Departments RISE (Responsible Industry for a Sound

of Agriculture Environment)

National Association of Wheat Growers Rocky Mountain Agribusiness Association

National Corn Growers Association SC Fertilizer Agrichemicals Association

National Cotton Council South Dakota Agri-Business Association

National Council of Farmer Cooperatives South Texas Cotton and Grain Association

National Farmers Union Southern Cotton Growers, Inc.

National Onion Association Southern Crop Production Association

National Pest Management Association Southern Rolling Plains Cotton Growers

National Potato Council Southern Weed Science Society

National Rural Electric Cooperative Sugar Cane League

Association Texas Ag Industries Association

National Water Resources Association Texas Vegetation Management Association

Nebraska Agri-Business Association United Fresh Produce Association

North Carolina Agricultural Consultants U.S. Apple Association

Association USA Rice Federation

North Carolina Cotton Producers Virginia Agribusiness Council

Association Virginia Forestry Association

North Central Weed Science Society Washington Friends of Farm & Forests

North Dakota Agricultural Association Washington State Potato Commission

Northeast Agribusiness and Feed Alliance Weed Science Society of America

Northeastern Weed Science Society Western Growers

Northern Plains Potato Growers Association Western Plant Health Association

Northwest Horticultural Council Western Society of Weed Science

Ohio Professional Applicators for Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine

Responsible Regulation Wisconsin Farm Bureau Federation

Wisconsin Potato and Vegetable Growers

Association

Wisconsin State Cranberry Growers

Association

Wyoming Ag Business Association

Wyoming Crop Improvement Association

Wyoming Wheat Growers Association